

THE PIONEER.

W. T. GILES, EDITOR.

STATE ELECTION.
(ELECTION TUESDAY, OCTOBER ELEVENTH.)

For Governor,
WILLIAM MEDILL, of FAIRFIELD.
Lieut. Governor,
LESTER ELLIS, of ALLEN.
Secretary of State,
WILLIAM TREVITT, of FRANKLIN.
Treasurer of State,
JOHN G. BREMIN, of SENECA.
Judge of Supreme Court,
THOMAS W. BARTLEY, of RICHMOND.
Attorney General,
GEORGE W. McCOOK, of JEFFERSON.
Board of Public Works,
WAYNE GRISWOLD, of PIKAWAY.

Thursday, June 23.

To our Subscribers.

This week we come out in a new dress and very much enlarged, so we hope the complaint about the diminutive size of the Pioneer is entirely obviated, and that in future we will receive a support to justify our improvements. If the citizens of Wyandot county will send us the proper aid, we will attempt to keep up with the growth and progress of the present age; but if limited to a bare living, without a prospect of any gain, whatever, in future, then must our labor become burdensome and our paper fall short of what we would have it. We would like to be able to point out the many reasons why persons living in this county should take their local paper, but will be satisfied for the present with giving a few of the leading ones.

In the first place, we have a great deal of local news that can be secured in the county paper alone. All are aware of the many legal and other advertisements that are published in the Pioneer, and nowhere else. These advertisements are sometimes very important to the citizens of the county. Secondly, we give greater variety of news than any of the literary papers published in any of the cities; for they generally publish a few long, soft, low, or other yarns, written by one or two persons, while we copy from a very large list of exchanges. Thirdly, the local paper can do more in one week's issue, for the town of Upper Sandusky and county of Wyandot than the New York, Boston and Philadelphia prints can do in six months. We make these assertions boldly and without fear of successful contradiction. Then, with these facts before you, have we not a right to expect a liberal support from you?

The Pioneer being Democratic in politics, may cause some persons to object to it on that score, and such objections are too small to be noticed, as it is a plain case, we cannot suit all parties politically. We have our own views upon all matters, and presume other men have their peculiar notions, so that objections on this ground should at once be cast aside.

While we publish this paper, it shall deal courteously with all political opponents. We will always attempt to steer clear of the personal abuse used by many of the political papers of the present day, and to establish a reputation, for truth and fairness that will be commended by every one.

It is the best way to lay down the rules and regulations by which we will be governed in the start, in relation to charges and publications. Heretofore it has been the rule to compel the publishers of papers to publish all calls for meetings of their party, free of charge. Now, we want it perfectly understood, that our labor is worth just as much as any persons else, and that in future we will charge for all such publications, and contribute our part towards paying such expenses. We are always ready and willing to contribute our portion of money and labor to every thing pertaining to the Democratic party, or any other good work; but when it comes to standing the whole bill, we must decline the very great honor. The rules, in relation to announcing names of candidates, as heretofore adopted, will be observed. All other advertising will be charged as usual. We can see no reason why editors should contribute their whole labor to the party to which they belong, and to be plain, we will here declare, that we cannot be so used, in future.

We will attempt to keep our readers posted upon all matters of importance, particularly in relation to the business of our own county. The markets in the various cities, will also be noticed. In fact, we will endeavor to make ours, a newspaper—one that will be welcomed by every one who may read it.

We will have letters from California frequently, keeping us advised of the doings in that land of gold; and our readers shall have the benefit of all the news of importance that we receive from that region.

The farmer, mechanic, merchant, and every class, will find our columns open for the free discussion of such matters as may be deemed to be of general benefit to the public.

It is hardly necessary for us to say more, but will merely state, that we will be free, fearless and independent in all our publications, and will be thankful to all who may render us any aid in getting subscribers or job work.

The Pioneer will be sent to many this week who are not subscribers, with a hope that they may become such. Send in your names with two dollars, and the paper will be forwarded regularly.

We hope that the merchants, hotel keepers and others will bring in their advertisements early, so that we may be able to get them in our next issue.

The farmers will find an introduction on the fourth page of to-day's paper, to which we would call especial attention.

Progress of Our Town.

We were highly gratified, a few evenings since, in taking "a stroll about town" to witness the preparations being made for, and the number of buildings in progress of erection in our beautiful village. These evidences of the spirit and enterprise speak well for the future prospects of our town, and the energy and industry of its citizens, and cannot fail to attract the attention of persons having capital; as a desirable place for business, not excelled in the interior of North Western Ohio.

The Ohio and Indiana Railroad is now in rapid progress of construction, and it is expected that it will be completed from Crestline to Bucyrus by the 1st of August next, and it is thought, to Fort Wayne as early as the first of December.

The grading along the whole line is far advanced, and most of the ties and timber are on the ground. Some of the iron, we are told, is already on the ground, and sufficient for the whole line has been purchased and is now on the way. The "Tall Bridge" across the Sandusky river and bottom, at this place, is about one fourth completed, and will be, when finished, a noble structure. It is sixteen hundred feet long, varying from twenty-eight to forty-eight feet high, consists of forty four foot spans, built of heavy hewn timber, and presents quite an imposing appearance.

The cost of construction is estimated at eighteen thousand dollars. The company are preparing to erect depot buildings on the site given them by our town, and to build upon a plan that we have seen, drawn by Mr. Martin, the division engineer, will be quite creditable to the company and another ornament to our town.

During the walk we speak of, we were much pleased to observe the taste displayed by many of our citizens in ornamenting their grounds and gardens with fruit, shrubbery and flowers.

When we get through with the hurry and labor necessarily attending our "start" we hope to have leisure to take many such walks, and in the same fair company, too; and what we see we will tell.

We would call the attention of the people of our town to the notice of the Board of Education, in to-day's paper. The propriety of purchasing a site for a school house at the present time, when property is yet at its present low prices, must be apparent to every one who has witnessed the growth and progress of our beautiful village. The lots proposed to be purchased are cheap, convenient to the whole town, and beautifully adapted by nature to such a purpose; and we think that it should no longer be said in reproach of our town, that "you have no school house."

We are informed by the Board, that the public moneys of the district are amply sufficient to keep schools in full operation; sufficient for, and free to all in the district without taxation in any shape, for thirty-six weeks in each year, if suitable rooms were provided. That the amount proposed to be raised the present year will require a levy of but three mills upon the dollar's valuation, and is but little more than we would have to pay for rent, repairs, fitting up, extra fuel, &c., for other schools, aside from the difficulty of procuring such as are suitably provided with sufficient room, light, ventilation, &c., and the inconvenience of having our schools scattered about town, wherever an empty hovel can be obtained, without regard to locality or any other consideration than shelter alone; and notwithstanding the proposed levy, our taxes will be less by one mill on the dollar than last year.

We go for the tax decidedly, let us have a good site, sufficient rooms erected for the purpose. Competent superintendent, teachers, scholars properly classed, and we think none will ever regret the outlay.

We take the following extract of a letter, written by one of the Wyandots, from the Ohio State Journal. It shows that nation to be in a good healthy condition, pecuniarily; and although some of the papers in Ohio may fear their becoming objects of charity, the citizens of Wyandot county have no fears upon that score. Here is the article:

"Our improvements, when appraised, amounted to upwards of \$127,000, which was paid in the autumn of 1845. In the Spring of 1850, our Chiefs retroceded the granted track to the Government, and \$100,000 of the proceeds was invested in five per cent. Government Stock—making our present annuity \$22,000.

We have two churches, one a splendid brick edifice, neatly finished. We have three District Schools in active operation, under the immediate supervision of the Council. We have two flourishing Sabbath Schools, with good Libraries. We have a large Temperance Society, and a Division of the Sons of Temperance about to be formed. And as for our Agricultural pursuits, they are carried on profitably every year yielding a surplus for market. Our general thrift surpasses that of any Tribe North of the Arkansas line. In short, we are in far better circumstances than when living in Ohio. The nation generally is contented and happy."

Who are more deservingly editors? Gen. Pierce is only doing his duty in giving them places of honor and profit. The Wayne County Democrat says:

President Pierce, among his various appointments, has been quite liberal with the editors throughout the Union. We understand that over sixty have been the recipients of favors at his hands—which certainly shows sound judgement—an honest purpose, and a will to reward that portion of his friends who done the hard labor of the late campaign."

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Explanation.

Owing to the incompleteness of our new arrangements, a large part of the matter intended for our agricultural columns, has been crowded out of its appropriate place.

COURT WORK.—On Monday our Court will commence. Several important trials will come up for hearing.

CARR'S HOTEL.—We can recommend this house to all our friends who visit Findlay. It is pleasantly situated, and the host and hostess are just the kind to render their customers all the comforts that can be had at any hotel in the town.—Call and try them.

How is it?—We would recommend all our readers to deal with those who advertise, for they are more liberal in all business matters—always keep the best, largest and cheapest stocks. These are facts which can be easily demonstrated by a little observation. You who have not noticed such things, remember and look out for them, and you will find us correct in our assertions.

"TO VICTORS."—We see that many of our brethren of the press, in this portion of the State, complain bitterly at the appointment of one Gilson as Receiver of public moneys at Defiance, and while we hear it is true, not without cause. If we hear it is true, not without cause. If we hear it is true, not without cause. If we hear it is true, not without cause.

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To Our Party.

It is an established fact, that we will have many candidates for nomination for the various offices to be filled in our county; and that all who may be candidates cannot be nominated; and that some persons must therefore, be disappointed. In view of these facts, we give the following well timed advice from the Ohio Patriot, a place in to-day's paper, with a hope that the members of the Great Democratic Party, may read it, and that too, understandingly. But to the article:

TO CANDIDATES.—When a number of individuals appear before the people as candidates for the same office, it is impossible that all can be gratified—some must necessarily be disappointed. But when nominations are made in accordance with the established usages of the party, it is the duty of the defeated candidates to acquiesce in the decision, and give their hearty support to the successful candidates.

Any other course is not only suicidal, but furnishes incontestible evidence of selfishness and want of devotion to the party and its principles. A failure to receive a nomination affords no excuse for luke-warmness or disaffection, or bolting. Such conduct on the part of defeated candidates, is reprehensible in the highest degree, and justly subjects them to the contempt and scorn of the honest-hearted men of their own party.

TO THE FRIENDS OF CANDIDATES.—It is not unfrequently the case when a number of candidates present themselves for the same office, that considerable feeling is aroused amongst their respective friends. And it is natural for the friends of a candidate, after they have zealously directed their energies to secure his nomination, to feel a little chagrined at the defeat of their favorite. But they should not permit their personal preferences to influence their conduct, in the slightest degree, after the nomination is made. All should bow with deference to the will of the majority of the party, as expressed at the primary meetings. The man who, through personal considerations will refuse to support the regular nominee of his party is unworthy the name of Democrat. He is a factionist, a disorganizer, and an ally of the enemy of Democratic principles. "Every thing for the cause—nothing for men," is a cardinal maxim of the Democratic party; and to this maxim, every Democrat, who is not actuated by improper and selfish motives, will say amen, and make his conduct comport with his profession.

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